

## Lms43LED-4M-TEM



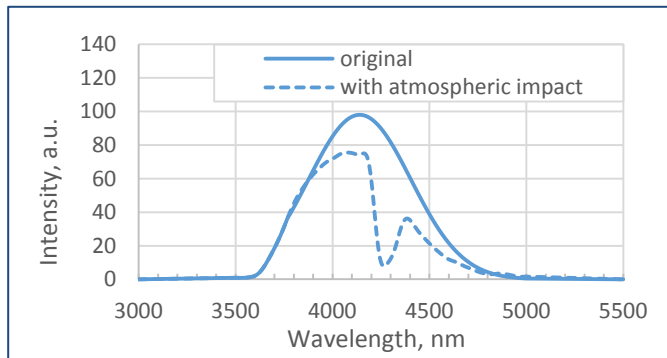
Device parameters	Symbol	Value	Units
Operating/ storage temperature	$T_{opr}/T_{stg}$	+5..+90*	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering temperature (can be applied for not more than 5 secs)	$T_{sol}$	+180	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

\*LED design for different storage/operating temperature range can be considered under request.

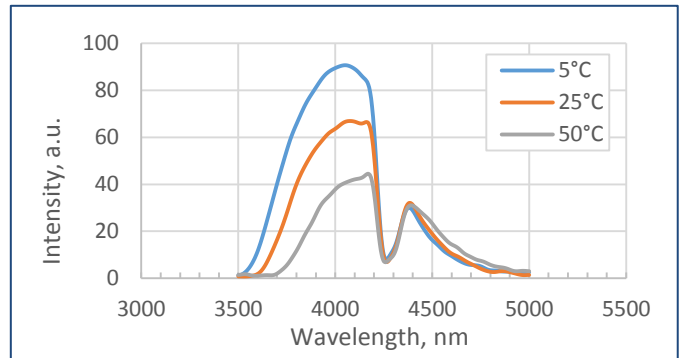
All parameters are for LED operation at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated.

LED parameters	Conditions	Symbol	Value	Units
Peak emission wavelength <sup>1</sup>	qCW mode <sup>3</sup> I = 200 mA	$\lambda_p$	4.10 - 4.30	$\mu\text{m}$
FWHM of the emission band <sup>1</sup>	qCW mode <sup>3</sup> I = 200 mA	FWHM	400 - 1200	nm
Average optical power (minimal / typical) <sup>1</sup>	qCW mode <sup>3</sup> I = 800 mA	$P_{qcw}$	min 35 / typ 70	$\mu\text{W}$
Peak optical power (minimal / typical) <sup>2</sup>	Pulse mode <sup>4</sup> I = 4 A	$P_{pul}$	min 280 / typ 490	$\mu\text{W}$
Maximum operating current	qCW mode <sup>3</sup>	$I_{max\ qcw}$	1	A
	Pulse mode <sup>4</sup>	$I_{max\ pulse}$	8	A
Forward voltage <sup>1</sup>	qCW mode <sup>3</sup> I = 800 mA	V	0.25 - 0.7	V

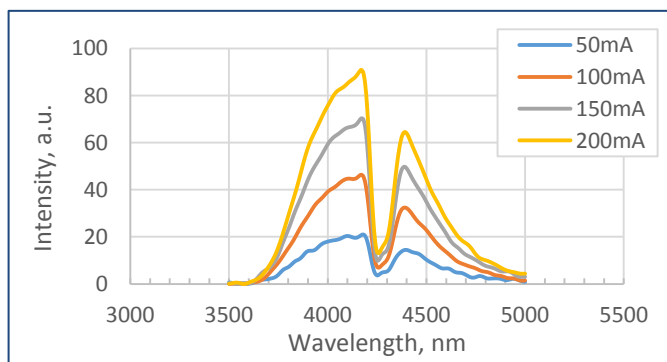
Typical spectrum (qCW<sup>3</sup>)



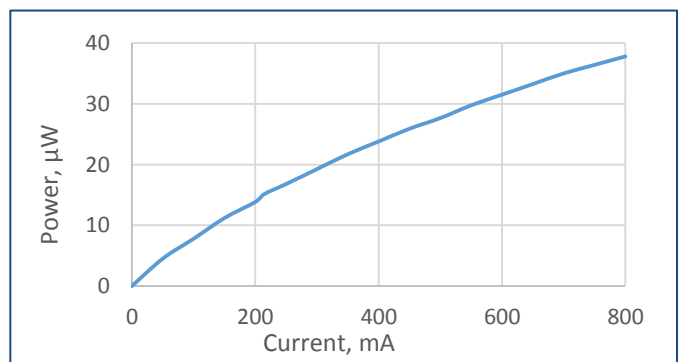
Spectra at different temperatures (qCW<sup>3</sup>, 150 mA)



Typical spectra at different currents (qCW<sup>3</sup>)



Typical optical power characteristic (qCW<sup>3</sup>)



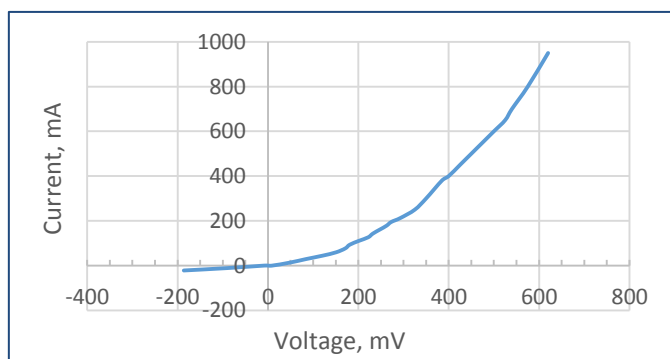
<sup>1</sup> Parameter tested for each device.

<sup>2</sup> Parameter tested for representative sampling.

<sup>3</sup> qCW mode: repetition rate: 0.5 KHz, pulse duration: 1 ms, duty cycle: 50%.

<sup>4</sup> Pulse mode: repetition rate: 0.5 KHz, pulse duration: 20  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle: 1%.

### Typical current-voltage characteristic (qCW<sup>3</sup>)



<sup>3</sup> qCW mode: repetition rate: 0.5 KHz, pulse duration: 1 ms, duty cycle: 50%.

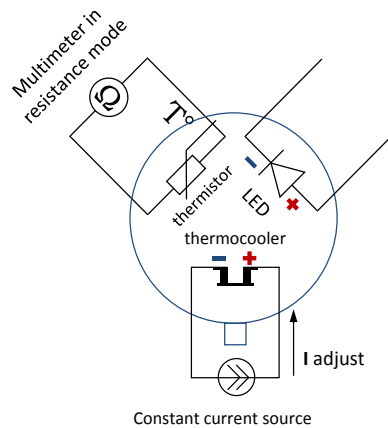
Packages	Model
TO-18 with a cap without a glass window	Lms43LED-4M
TO-18 with a parabolic reflector without a glass window	Lms43LED-4M-R
TO-18 with a parabolic reflector with a glass window	Lms43LED-4M-RW
TO-5 with a built-in thermocooler and thermoresistor, covered by a cap with a glass window	Lms43LED-4M-TEM
TO-5 with a built-in thermocooler and thermoresistor, covered by a parabolic reflector with a glass window	Lms43LED-4M-TEM-R

### Related products:

- **Photodiodes Lms43PD series** - detectors of mid-infrared radiation;
- **LED driver D-41i** - provides LED array power supply.

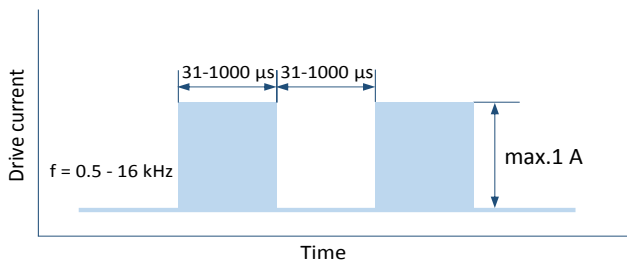
**NOTE!** nominal driver current will be divided by 4 (number of chips in an array)

To drive the LED we recommend the following basic circuit connection:

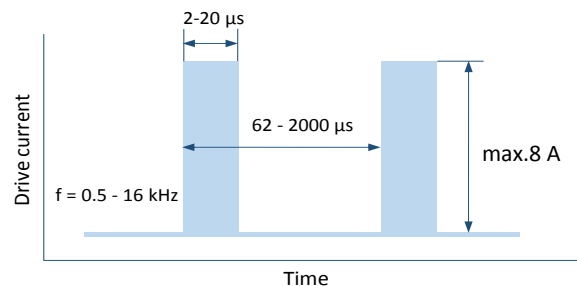


We recommend using **Quasi Continuous Wave (qCW) mode** with a duty cycle 50% or 25% to obtain maximum average optical power and short **Pulse modes** to obtain maximum peak power. Hard CW (continuous wave) mode is NOT recommended.

### Quasi Continuous Wave (qCW) mode



### Pulse mode

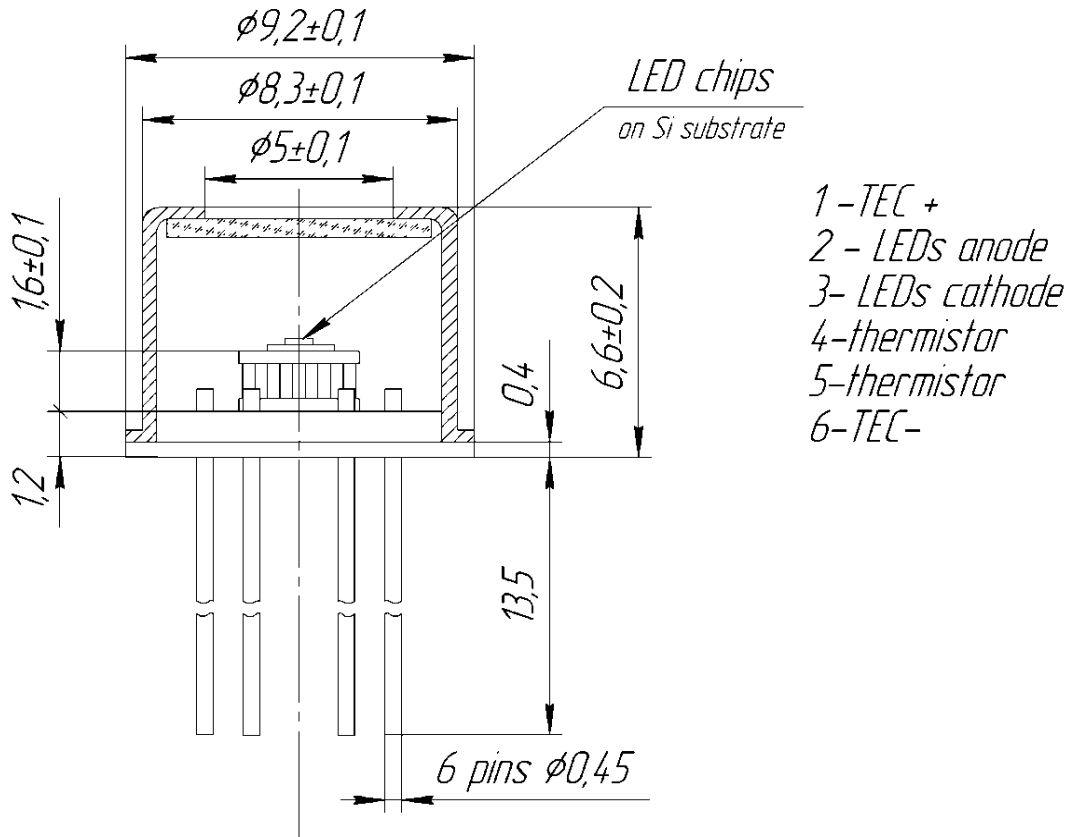


### IMPORTANT CAUTIONS:

- please check your connection circuit before turning on the LED;
- please mind the LED polarity: anode is marked with a RED dot; REVERSE voltage applying is FORBIDDEN;
- please do not connect the LED to the multimeter;
- please control the CURRENT applied to the LED in order NOT to EXCEED the maximum allowable values.

Technical Drawing

Lms43LED-4M-TEM



- 1 - TEC +
- 2 - LEDs anode
- 3 - LEDs cathode
- 4 - thermistor
- 5 - thermistor
- 6 - TEC -

TOP VIEW

BOTTOM VIEW

